SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMER

Other means of identification

SDS number 30022

Recommended use Industrial manufacture of packaging, housewares, textiles and construction.

Recommended restrictionsThis material is not intended for use in the manufacture of any form of implanted medical or

surgical device.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Flint Hills Resources Longview, LLC

118 Huntsman Way Longview, TX

75602

United States

Supplier

Flint Hills Resources, LP 1330 Lake Robbins Drive

Suite 400

The Woodlands, TX

77380

United States

Telephone numbers - 24

hour emergency

assistance

Chemtrec (US) 800-424-9300 **Chemtrec (US -** 703-527-3887

Direct Dial)

Carechem24 866-928-0789

(US/Canada)

Carechem24 52 555 004 8763

(Mexico)

Flint Hills 432-296-1674

Resources, LP (after business hours)

Telephone numbers - general assistance

7-4 (M-F, CST) 281-363-7200

Customer Service

8-5 (M-F, CST) MSDS 316-828-7988

Assistance

Email: msdsrequest@fhr.com

Product code(s) 13N6V; 13T10Acs279; 13T25A; 13T55V; 22H3A; 22S2A; 22T2A; 23D2A; 23H2A; 23M2A-1;

23M2Acs038; 23N10A; 23N2A; 23S1Acs256; 23S2A; 23T2A; 43S2A; AP4135-HS; AP5135-HA; AP5135-HS; AP5206-HN; AP5325-HS; AP5325-HSC; AP5520-HA; AP6106-HA; AP6106-HS; AP6112-HS; AP6112-HV; AP6120-HS; P5C4K-089; P5C4K-100X; P5C4N-097X; P5C4Z-090; P5C6Z-075; P5C7B-098; P5G2K-096; P5G2N-093; P5G2Z-095X; P5L2K-055; P5L2K-088; P5L2K-099; P5L2Z-038; P5M2Z-012; P5M4K-046; P5M4R-034; P5M4T-013; P5M5R-083; P5M6K-048; P5M6K-071X; P5M6K-080; P5M6K-091; P5M6K-101X; P5M6N-058A; P6C5Z-099; P6C6B-134; P6C6Z-102X; P6E2A-005; P6E2A-005B; P6E5A-004; P6G2N-095; P6G2Z-090; P6G4Z-097; P6M5B-015; P6M5N-089X; P6M6B-051; P9G1Z-055X; P9R6K-054; P9R6K-054A

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsNot classified.Health hazardsNot classified.

Material name: POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMER

OSHA defined hazards Combustible dusts Classified

30022 Version #: 03 Revision date: 10-30-2014 Issue date: 10-30-2014

Label elements

Hazard symbol None. Signal word Warning

Hazard statement Not applicable. Prevention Not applicable. Response Not applicable. Storage Not applicable. Disposal Not applicable.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not classified.

Supplemental information

Hazard statement May form combustible dust concentrations in air if converted to small particles during further

> processing, handling, or by other means. This material may accumulate electrostatic charge which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source) in some cases. When it is heated, this material may cause thermal burns. Spilled pellets present a slipping hazard on hard surfaces.

Prevention Prevent dust accumulation to minimize explosion hazard. Ground/bond container and receiving

equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Clean up spilled material

immediately. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Components	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE POLYMER		9010-79-1	98 - 100 %
MODIFIERS AND/OR ADDITIVES		Mixture	0.0001 - 2 %

Composition comments

Values do not reflect absolute minimums and maximums; these values are typical which may vary from time to time.

This Safety Data Sheet is intended to communicate potential health hazards and potential physical hazards associated with the product(s) covered by this sheet, and is not intended to communicate product specification information. For product specification information, contact your Flint Hills Resources, LP representative.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If overcome from exposure to excessive levels of dust, mist, or fumes, remove affected individual from source of exposure to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Keep affected person warm and at rest. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Skin contact

If hot material gets on skin, immediately flush affected area with large amounts of cool water. Do not attempt to remove the material from the skin, or to remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention.

For cold material, immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water after removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact

If hot material comes in contact with eyes hold the eyelids apart and flush the eye with a large

amount of cool water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

If eyes become irritated from contact with dust, flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Get

medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get immediate medical attention.

SDS US

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

INHALATION:

Dusts may cause irritation to the nose, throat and lungs by mechanical abrasion. Fumes or vapors from the heated material may be irritating to the respiratory tract. See "Toxicological Information" (Section 11) for more information.

SKIN:

Dusts may cause irritation due to abrasion. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause reddening, itching and inflammation.

EYES:

Dusts may cause mechanical irritation including pain, tearing and redness. Effects may become more serious with repeated or prolonged contact.

INGESTION:

Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SKIN: Hot material may cause skin burns. Immerse skin covered with hot material in cool water to limit tissue damage and prevent spread of liquid material.

EYES: Hot material may cause burns to the eyes. Early ophthalmologic evaluation is recommended.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or fire-fighting foam for fires to extinguish fire.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

A variety of decomposition products may occur including simple hydrocarbons to toxic and/or irritating gases such as carbon, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, acids, ketones, and aldehydes.

Material will burn in a fire.

This material, as produced and not in its finely divided form as dust, is not explosive as defined by established regulatory criteria.

This material, in its finely divided form, presents an explosion hazard when dispersed in a confined area and ignited in air.

This material may accumulate static charge which can cause an electrical spark (ignition source) in some cases.

To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Hazardous melting and dripping may occur at elevated temperatures. May burn at or above flash point, and airborne dust may explode if ignited.

See Combustible Dust Property data in Section 9.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must wear NIOSH approved positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full face mask and full protective equipment. Use water spray to cool adjacent structures and to protect personnel.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

Stay away from storage tank ends. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of storage tank due to fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. For spills in confined areas, ensure adequate ventilation. For spills outdoors, stay upwind. Spilled pellets present a slipping hazard on hard surfaces. IF TANK, RAILCAR OR TANK TRUCK IS INVOLVED IN A FIRE, isolate for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. Evacuate area endangered by release as required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Keep unnecessary people away. Isolate area for at least 25 meters (75 feet) in all directions to preserve public safety. For large spills, if downwind consider initial evacuation for at least 100 meters (300 feet).

Eliminate all sources of ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Prevent or minimize formation of a dust cloud or layer during cleanup. This material, in its finely divided form, presents an explosion hazard when dispersed in a confined area and ignited in air.

Small spills can be cleaned up using non-sparking tools. Place in an appropriate container for disposal or recycle.

For large spills and releases follow the handling and storage recommendations as detailed in NFPA 654, NFPA 499 and NFPA 77. Grounding, bonding, and intrinsic safety of equipment used should be considered.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop spill when safe to do so.

See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into water ways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Notify local, provincial and/or federal authorities, if required.

7. Handling and storage Precautions for safe handling

Minimize dust generation during handling and contact.

This material, as produced and not in its finely divided form as dust, is not explosive as defined by established regulatory criteria.

This material, in its finely divided form, presents an explosion hazard when dispersed in a confined area and ignited in air.

This material may accumulate electrostatic charge which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source) in some cases.

Ground and bond lines and equipment used during transfer to reduce the possibility of static spark-initiated fire or explosion. When airborne dust or a dust cloud is present, do not cut, grind, drill, weld or reuse containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Do not use electronic devices while handling, unless the device is certified as intrinsically safe as they could present ignition sources.

Facilities using this material should assess their potential for combustible dust and static spark hazards and follow applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations and accepted codes and standards.

Avoid accumulation of dust on surfaces and hidden areas where dust may collect in the interior of buildings. Clean up dust using approved methods that do not generate dust clouds if ignition sources are present.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Prevent small spills to minimize slip hazard or release to the environment. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld (or introduce any other ignition source) on empty containers or reuse containers unless adequate precautions are taken. Avoid extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation.

Avoid personal contact with this material. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as removing contaminated clothing and protective equipment, washing after handling the material and before entering public areas. Restrict eating, drinking and smoking to designated areas to prevent personal chemical contamination. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Do not breathe dust or vapor.

For additional safety information, consult the current editions of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 654 Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, NFPA 499, Recommended Practice for the Classification of Combustible Dusts and of Hazardous (Classified) Locations for Electrical Installations in Chemical Process Areas, NFPA 77, Recommended Practice on Static Electricity, and NFPA 68, Standard on Explosion Protection by Deflagration Venting.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers in a cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area away from heat, sources of ignition and incompatibles. Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Empty containers may contain material residue. Do not reuse without adequate precautions.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

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U.J.	-	USHA

Material	Туре	Value	Form
POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMER (CAS Mixture)	TWA	5 mg/m3	PNOR (Particles not otherwise regulated) - RESPIRABLE FRACTION (8-Hr)
		15 mg/m3	PNOR (Particles not otherwise regulated) - TOTAL DUST (8-Hr)
ACGIH			
Material	Туре	Value	Form
POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMER (CAS Mixture)	TWA	3 mg/m3	PNOS (Particles not otherwise specified) - RESPIRABLE PARTICULATE (8-Hr)
		10 mg/m3	PNOS (Particles not otherwise specified) - INHALABLE PARTICULATE (8-Hr)

Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering controls

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Do not breathe dust. Use explosion-proof equipment if high dust/air concentrations are possible. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment.

Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Keep away from eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by using chemical safety glasses, goggles and/or face shield. Have eye washing facilities readily available where eye contact can occur.

Hand protection

Avoid skin contact with this material. Use chemical resistant gloves when handling this material. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection regarding permeability and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

When handling hot material, use heat resistant gloves.

Other

Avoid skin contact with this material. Additional protection may be necessary to prevent skin contact including use of apron, armcovers, face shield, or boots.

Respiratory protection

A NIOSH approved dust respirator may be appropriate under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. See OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 for more information regarding respiratory protection and Assigned Protection Factors (APFs).

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid.
Form Pellet
Color Colorless
Odor Mild to odorless
Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point 290 - 330 °F (143.33 - 165.56 °C) / Not available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable

Flash point > 650 °F (> 343.3 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not applicable

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not applicable
Explosive limit - upper (%) Not applicable
Vapor pressure Not applicable
Vapor density Not applicable
Relative density Not available
Solubility(ies) Insoluble
Partition coefficient Insoluble

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot availableDecomposition temperatureNot availableViscosityNot applicable

Other information

Chemical family Polypropylene Copolymer

Density 0.89 - 0.91 g/ml @ 77 °F (25 °C)

Dust explosion properties

Kst 101 bar-m/s (NFPA 68) (as polypropylene)

St class 1 (NFPA 68) (as polypropylene)

Minimum explosible concentration (MEC)

30 g/m3 (with median mass particle size of 25 μm - NFPA 68) (as polypropylene)

Minimum ignition energy (MIE) - dust

cloud

25 - 400 mJ (NFPA 68) (as polypropylene)

Minimum ignition temperature (MIT) -

dust cloud

788 °F (420 °C) (no antioxidant; NFPA 499) (as polypropylene)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See statements below.

Chemical stabilityMaterial is stable under normal conditions. **Possibility of hazardous**Not anticipated under normal conditions.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid high temperatures.

Incompatible materials Incompatible with strong oxidizers. See precautions under Handling & Storage (Section 7).

Hazardous decomposition

products

Not anticipated under normal conditions.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

IngestionLikely route of exposureInhalationLikely route of exposureSkin contactLikely route of exposureEye contactLikely route of exposure

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

INHALATION:

Dusts may cause irritation to the nose, throat and lungs by mechanical abrasion. Fumes or vapors from the heated material may be irritating to the respiratory tract.

SKIN:

Dusts may cause irritation due to abrasion. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause reddening, itching and inflammation.

EYES:

Dusts may cause mechanical irritation including pain, tearing and redness. Effects may become more serious with repeated or prolonged contact.

INGESTION:

Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Polymers are considered to have low toxicity by all routes of exposure.

Components Species Test Results

ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE POLYMER (CAS 9010-79-1)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat > 5 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Not classified. Not classified.

Respiratory sensitization Not classified.

Skin sensitization Not classified.

Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified.

Carcinogenicity Not classified.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE POLYMER (CAS 9010-79-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity Not classified.

Specific target organ Not classified.

toxicity - single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

Not classified.

exposure

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified.

Toxicological data

POLYPROPYLENE & POLYETHYLENE BASED POLYMERS: Dust may be irritating to the respiratory system. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of dust may cause impaired lung function and lung changes. Vapors and fumes from thermal processing may be irritating to the eyes and respiratory system.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Material not classified as harmful to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potentialNot likely to bioaccumulate in aquatic organisms.

Mobility in soil Due to physical properties, the mobility of this material is expected to be negligible.

Other adverse effects No other adverse effects expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsThis material, as supplied, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to

Federal Regulations (40 CFR 261). Under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user of the material to characterize and determine, at the time of

disposal, whether the material is a hazardous waste subject to RCRA.

For additional handling information and protection of employees, see Section 7 (Handling and

Storage) and Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of this material in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of at an approved waste handling site.

14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not classified for MARPOL. Please contact the Transportation Compliance CSO if transportation mode is ship or vessel to determine the need for a MARPOL classification.

General information

BILL OF LADING - BULK (U. S. DOT): Non-regulated by DOT

BILL OF LADING - NON-BULK (U. S. DOT): Non-regulated by DOT

See Bill of Lading for proper shipping description.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

All ingredients are on the TSCA inventory, or are not required to be listed on the TSCA inventory.

This material does not contain toxic chemicals (in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration) that are subject to the annual toxic chemical release reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

Check local, regional or state/provincial regulations for any additional requirements as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations. Failure to comply may result in substantial civil and criminal penalties.

This material is intended for use in the manufacture of articles and goods as appropriate. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to determine that it is safe, lawful and technically suitable for the intended use. This material is not intended for use in the manufacture of any form of implanted medical or surgical device.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 304 - Extremely Hazardous Spill: Reportable quantity

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

Based on available information this product does not contain any components or chemicals currently known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm at levels which would be subject to Proposition 65. Reformulation, use or processing of this material may affect its composition and require re-evaluation.

Canadian regulations

All ingredients are on the Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL), or are not required to be listed

on the DSL.

Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

WHMIS status Non-controlled

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 10-30-2014 **Revision date** 10-30-2014

Version #

Further information Not available.

Material name: POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMER SDS US 30022 Version #: 03 Revision date: 10-30-2014 Issue date: 10-30-2014

HMIS® ratings Health: 0

Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 0

Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

Disclaimer THIS SDS HAS BEEN PREPARED TO COMPLY WITH FEDERAL REGULATIONS THAT ARE

INTENDED TO QUICKLY PROVIDE USEFUL INFORMATION TO THE USER(S) OF THIS MATERIAL OR PRODUCT - IT IS NOT INTENDED TO SERVE AS A COMPREHENSIVE DISCUSSION OF ALL POSSIBLE RISKS OF HAZARDS, BUT RATHER PROVIDES

INFORMATION GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY AS RELEVANT REGARDING THE POTENTIAL HAZARDS OF THIS PRODUCT. ADEQUATE TRAINING, INSTRUCTION, WARNINGS AND SAFE HANDLING PROCEDURES SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO HANDLERS AND USERS. USERS SHOULD REVIEW THE INFORMATION IN THE SDS, AND SATISFY THEMSELVES AS TO ITS SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS, INCLUDING

ENSURING THAT THIS IS THE MOST CURRENT SDS.

Revision Information Product and Company Identification: Product Codes

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

Transport information: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Other information, including date of preparation or last revision: Disclaimer

Completed by Flint Hills Resources, LP - Operations EH&S

Material name: POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMER

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